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The Generator VENETIN COLIU produces Free Energy

WHEN WILL THE SELF-ACCELERATING GENERATOR VENETIN COLIU
BECOME A PERPETUUM MOBILE

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I present a detailed report and analysis of the self-acceleration effects in a stepping motor which is, for the time being, the best VENETIN COLIU generator ever built by me (when it produces electrical energy the maximal decrease of the input power is 50%). By coupling two such stepping motors on a common shaft, I could observe on an oscillograph the time delay of the generated current with respect to the generated tension, which is the basic reason for the appearance of the anti-Lenz effect and for the self-acceleration of the generator. It becomes clear that by making a stepping motor with "more copper", the input power decrease can reach 100% and thus the VENETIN COLIU generator can be run as a *perpetuum mobile*. At the present time such a stepping motor is in construction in a motor plant in Germany and I call it VENETIN COLIU - V.

И струится поток доказательств
несравненной моей правоты.

A. A.

1. INTRODUCTION

In Ref. 1 and Ref. 2 I gave the reports on the self-accelerating generator VENETIN COLIU (Nicolino Veneto) invented by my Italian friends Manuele Cavalli and Bruno Vianello and by me. The reader has seen that, as a matter of fact, there is no invention at all, as the story is the following:

In October 1990 I visited Cavalli in Treviso and left him the sixth model of my non-braking generator MAMIN COLIU (see p. 84 in Ref. 3). After looking at this machine, where the input power did not change at open and closed generator's coil, Cavalli, who is a car-electrician, noticed that the Bosch ignition generator for the car Alfa-Romeo Giulia has a more amazing effect: instead of seeing an increase of the input power when closing the generator's coil and when thus producing electrical energy (as is the case in all other generators), Cavalli observed a decrease.

Cavalli sent me a fax on the effect observed by him and in December 1990 I went to Treviso to convince myself that the self-accelerating effect is a reality.

In January 1991 I constructed with 10 such Bosch ignition coils the machine VENETIN COLIU - I where the maximal power decrease registered by me was (see the last line in Table 1 on p. 49 of Ref. 2) $\Delta P_m/P_m = 5.7\%$.

Then Cavalli and Vianello found a generator with more poles where the effect of power decrease was bigger. I built the machine VENETIN COLIU - IV with 20 such generator coils which are used to maintain a stable rate of rotation of the computer d.c. motors. The maximal power decrease for VENETIN COLIU - IV was $\Delta P_m/P_m = 30\%$

(see Ref. 4).

Finally Cavalli and Vianello found that for stepping motors used in the computers where there are still more poles, the decrease of the input power can reach 50%. All measurements reported in the present paper will be done with stepping motors USED AS GENERATORS and I call this self-accelerating generator VENETIN COLIU - V.

Thus the self-accelerating generator VENETIN COLIU which will change whole human history is not an invention. It is only an observation.

The explanation of the self-accelerating effect which I gave in Ref. 2 is also a most trivial explanation of a most trivial effect which not only the professors but even the students have to propose immediately after seeing the effect. Moreover every professor and every student must come to the conclusion that such a self-accelerating effect must exist in every generator when writing the differential equation for the current flowing in the coil of an electromagnetic generator.

The highly strange aspect of the whole story is that such a self-accelerating effect is contradicting the well-known Lenz law (or Lenz rule) and the energy conservation law. And hearing about the self-acceleration effects observed and explained by Cavalli, Vianello and me, all professors all over the world certainly would begin to cry out that the energy conservation law is the *sancta sanctorum* of physics and only madmen may believe that this law might be violated.

However some ancient mentioned: "When the experiments speak the gods keep silent." And shouting professors in the legs of silent gods are pitiable creatures.

When my mechanics constructed two self-accelerating generators (VENETIN COLIU - II and VENETIN COLIU-III) according to my own designs (see pp. 49 -52 in Ref. 2), it became clear for me that a successful machine can be built only in a specialized plant for electro-motors. It became also clear for me that my financial possibilities are insufficient to make such an order.

On the other hand I was aware (I have a long-time experience) that if I shall search for sponsors by stretching out my hand begging for money, the only reaction which I should receive would be some acid smiles.

Thus I decided to begin with the publication of the journal DEUTSCHE PHYSIK. Through the journal, perhaps, I would contact some not absolutely blind man (as people normally are) who would decide to invest money. And if such a man will be not found, by gathering money from the subscriptions, I hoped to be able to accumulate the necessary sum.

However the first two issues, 1000 copies of which were sent to the world physics libraries, brought a financial disaster, as only one library (ETH-Zürich) subscribed. *Gott sei dank*, the 100 private subscribers which I could with many sacrifices find liquidated the financial disaster, but my pocket remained as empty as before the publication of the journal.

One day, however, I received a call from a person in Germany, who said that he was ready to invest some money for the construction of VENETIN COLIU as a perpetuum mobile. Moreover, this person found a small motor-plant (in the former GDR) where the construction could be done for a relatively modest sum.

The construction has begun and the first model will be built in about a month. I do not expect that this first model will be a perpetuum mobile, but I hope to arrive at a decrease of the input power, when closing shortly the generator's coils, of some 70 -80 %. Then another model will be built where I hope to reach a 100% decrease, thus the self-accelerating generator will become self-rotating.

In this paper I report on the measurements which I have carried out with a couple of stepping motors (concentrating my attention and the attention of the reader only to one of these motors), so that everybody reading the paper may become convinced that to run a stepping motor (with "sufficient copper") as a perpetuum mobile is not a dream, but the most logical conclusion which everybody can (and MUST) deduce when observing the behaviour of any stepping motor not as a motor but as a GENERATOR.

2. HOW THE CHILDREN MAKE DEMONSTRATIONS OF THE ANTI-LENZ EFFECT

As explained in Ref. 2, the anti-Lenz effect which leads to self-acceleration of the generators is due to the time delay of the current flowing in the generator's coil with respect to the tension induced there, because of the coil's self-inductance.

Let me formulate once more the Lenz rule (1834): When a permanent magnet moves with respect to a coil, such a tension, U_{gen} , is induced in the coil that if the coil will be closed and the current flowing is proportional to the tension U_{gen} , then the magnetic interaction between this current and the magnet will brake (oppose) the motion of the magnet.

Thus the motion of the magnet with respect to the coil determines the appearance of the induced tension, but the braking of the motion of the magnet is due to the action of the current induced in the coil. If the inductance of the coil is small and we can neglect it, the motion of the magnet will automatically determine also the induced current, I , as we shall have

$$I = U_{gen}/R, \tag{1}$$

where R is the ohmic resistance of the coil.

However when the coil has a certain self-inductance, L , the current cannot follow exactly the generated tension, as now the current in the coil will be proportional to the sum, U , of the generated tension, U_{gen} , and of the self-induced tension, U_{ind} , so that (see Ref. 2)

$$I = \frac{U}{R} = \frac{U_{gen} + U_{ind}}{R} = \frac{U_{gen} - L(dI/dt)}{R} \tag{2}$$